# EIGHT® INSECT CONTROL VEGETABLE, FRUIT & FLOWER CONCENTRATE

CONTROLS: ANTS, APHIDS, ASIAN LADYBUGS, BAG WORMS, BEETLES, BORERS, BROWN DOG TICKS, CHINCH BUGS, CLUSTER FLIES, CODLING MOTHS, CRICKETS, EARWIGS, FLEAS, CICADAS (LOCUSTS), GNATS, GRASSHOPPERS, JAPENESE BEETLES, SCALES, THRIPS, WEEVILS, WHITEFLIES, MOLE CRICKETS, SPIDER MITES, TENT CATERPILLARS, MEALYBUGS, LEAFMINERS AND MANY OTHER LISTED INSECTS.

FOR USE ON LISTED: VEGETABLES, FRUITS, FLOWERS, NUTS, LAWNS, TREES, SHRUBS, OUTSIDE SURFACES OF BUILDINGS AND SURROUNDING AREAS.

EPA Est. No. 4-NY-1 EPA Reg. No. 4-408

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### DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling. Not for use on plants being grown for sale or for other commercial use, or for commercial seed production or for research purposes.

Do not water the treated area to the point of run-off. Do not make applications during rain. All outdoor applications must be limited to spot or crack-and-crevice treatments only, except for the following permitted uses:

(1) Treatment to soil or vegetation around structures; (2) Applications to lawns, turf, and other vegetation; (3) Applications to building foundations, up to a maximum height of 3 feet. Other than applications to building foundations, all outdoor applications to impervious surfaces such as sidewalks, driveways, patios, porches and structural surfaces (such as windows, doors, and eaves) are limited to spot and crack-and-crevice applications only. Application is prohibited directly into sewer drains, or to any area like a gutter where drainage to sewers, storm drains, water bodies, or aquatic habitat can occur. Do not allow the product to enter any drain during or after application.

For lawns and vegetables, measure the area to be sprayed. Calculate square feet by multiplying length by width. For all other applications, apply as a thorough cover spray. Use a dean sprayer. Carefully measure and mix the amount of concentrate and water as directed. Spray as directed. Thorough coverage is important. Flush sprayer with clean water after each use. Make applications when insects first appear. Repeat applications as directed. See directions for comolete insect list. People and pets should not be allowed in treated areas until sorary has direct.

Use dilution rates as indicated.

1 fl. oz. = 6 tsp. or 2 Tbsp. 8 fl. oz. = ½ pt. or 1 cup

# DIRECTIONS FOR APPLYING

HOWE LAWNS			
		How to use:	
Bent,		Thoroughly wet down grass a few hours before	
Bermuda,		applying. Home lawns should be no taller than 3	
Bluegrass,		inches at time of application. Slightly more water	
Dichondra,	Cutworms, Fleas,	may be used as long as the amount of product	

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HOWE LAWNS CONT.				
		How to use:		
		per area is as listed below. For heavy infestations,		
		repeat application after 2 weeks. Do not exceed		
		16 applications per season. For ants, crickets and		
		grasshoppers, use 2 fl. oz. in 3 gallons of water		
		to cover 1,000 sq. ft. For other listed insects, use		
	Disease, Leafhoppers	6 fl. oz. in 10 gals. of water to cover 1,000 sq. ft.		

## FIRE ANT CONTROL

#### Individual Mound and Plant Container Treatment

Mix 2 fl. oz. in 3 gals, water and apply as a drench using a sprinkler can. Gently apply 1 gallon of the mixture over the surface of each mound. Thoroughly wet mound and surrounding area of 3 x 4 ft. (12 sq. ft.) For best results apply in cool weather 65°F-80°F, early or late in the day. Treat new mounds as they appear. Pressurized sprays may disturb ants and cause migration which will reduce product effectiveness. Use the same method as above for the control of Fire Ants that may nest in permanently placed containerized ornamental plants.

# **HOUSEPLANTS - INDOORS**

To protect plants in residential greenhouses and lathhouses, and for indoor landscaping pal. of water. Contact and residual:

		How to use:
Ageratum, Ardisia, Aster,		Mix 1 fl. oz. in 1 gal. of water. Contact and residual:
Baby's Breath, Begonia,		Use sufficient spray to obtain full coverage of all
		foliage. If application is to be made indoors, remove
Carnation, Chrysanthemum,		infested plants from living areas prior to application.
Coleus, Cockscomb, Crown of		Use in an area not likely to be occupied by people
Thoms, Cyclamen, Dracaena,		or pets (particularly fish). After spraying, plants can
Dumbcane, English Ivy,		be returned to original location. Do not use more
Fuchsia, Gladiolus, Grape Ivy,	Japanese Beetles,	product than recommended, as this may cause
Juniper, Lily, Marigold, Orchid,		some plant injury. Use with care on fems, palms and
Palm, Pansy, Peperomia,	Leafrollers,	fuchsia. As with all plants listed, especially camations,
Petunia, Philodendron,	Mealybugs,	chrysanthemums, and roses, there exists a wide

ot likely to be occupied by people ly fish). After spraying, plants can riginal location. Do not use more commended, as this may cause Use with care on fems, palms and plants listed, especially camations, and roses, there exists a wide

HOUSEPLANTS - INDOORS Cont.				
	Pests:	How to use:		
	Scales, Spider Variety of species and can wide variety of suscending sport of the species and can wide variety of suscertain possible phytota as described above, was for possible injury. Repencessary to control oft		and cultivars, and therefore, is usceptibility to injury. To hybrotoxicity, treat a few plants e, wait 24 hours, and check Repeat applications may be rol citrus blackflies on non-Adult Japanese beetles on	
Velvet Plants	Fungus Gnats	roses. Do not exce	ed 16 applications per season.	
TREES & SHRUBS				
	Pests:		How to use:	

	INLES & SIINUDS	
	Pests:	How to use:
	Aphids, Bagworms, Cicadas	Use 1 fl. oz. in 1 gal. of
Cherry, Non-bearing Citrus,	(locusts), Exposed thrips, Fall	water. Apply as a thorough
Conifers, Elm, English Ivy,	cankerworms, Inchworms,	spray, wetting leaves and
Euonymous, Weeping fig, Fir,	Leafminers, Leafrollers,	branches to the dripping
	Locusts, Mealybugs, Spider	point. Try to penetrate
Oak, Palm, Philodendron,	mites, Whiteflies, Gypsy Moth,	dense foliage. Spray in the
Pine, Poinsettia, Tulip Poplar, Rhododendron, Taxus	Beetles	late afternoon or evening, when the temperature
		ranges from 50° to 75°F
Cherry, Honeysuckle	Fall webworms	and when there is little or
Conifer	Budworms	no wind. Spray at the first
Elm	Elm leaf beetles, Elm	sign of insects. Repeat as
	spanworms, Fall webworms	necessary; use intervals of
Douglas and Grand Firs	Tussock moths	4-8 days. Do not exceed
Non-bearing Citrus	Citrus black flies	16 applications per
Oak	Oakworms	season. Application can
Pine	Pine beetles, Pine moths, Pine	be made up to the day of
	needleminers, Needle scales	collection.

On Tent caterpillars, application should be made when caterpillars are young and tents are first noticed. For best results, apply in the late afternoon or evening, when caterpillars have returned to their tents. Wet tents with spray on all sides. A few caterpillars may be seen escaping from the tent; however, they should die within several hours.

	ROSES & FLOWERS	
	Pests:	How to use:
Ageratum, Aster, Ardisia, Azalea, Baby's breath, Begonia, Birds-nest fern, Bleeding heart, Camation, Chrysanthemum, Coleus, Common Ninebark and Snowberry, Cockscomb, Crown of thorns, Cyclamen, Dracaena, Dumbcane, English Ivy, Exacum, Fuchsia, Gladiolus, Grape Ivy, Gold Bells, Hypoestes, Ivy, Juniper, Lilac, Marigold, Mock-Orange, Nannyberry, Orchid, Palm, Pansy, Pea Shrub, Peperomia, Petunia, Philodendron, Piggy-back Plant, Poinsettia, Portulaca, Pothos, Prayer Plant, Purple Passion, Rabbits Foot fern, Rhododendron, Rose, Schefflera, Snapdragon, Snake Plant, Statice Velvet Plant, Verbena, Zinnia	Aphids, Armyworms, Bagworms, Cabbage worms, Cicadas (locusts), Corn earworms, Cutworms, Exposed thrips, Fall cankerworms, Fungus gnats, Inchworms, Japanese beetles, Leafminers, Leafrollers, Locusts, Mealybugs, Scale crawlers, Spring cankerworms, Spider mittes, Whitelfies, Rose Chafer, Psyllids, Scale Insects	Use 1 fl. oz. in 1 gal. of water. Apply as a thorough spray, wetting the plants to the dripping point. Try to hit underside of leaves and penetrate dense foliage. Spray in the late afternoon or evening, when the temperature ranges from 50° F to 75° F and when there is little or no wind. Spray at the first sign of insects. Repeat as necessary; use intervals of 4-8 days. Do not exceed 16 applications per season. Application can be made up to the day of collection.

	T TREES

# GENERAL DIRECTIONS

GENERAL DIRECTIONS
Use 2 fl. oz. in 1 gal. of water. Apply when insects appear. Wet the plants to the dripping point. Try to hit underside of leaves and penetrate dense foliage.

	Pests:	How to use:
	Navel orangeworms, Peach twig borers	Do not make more than 2 applications during hull split and 5 applications per season. Can be applied up to 7 days prior to harvest.
Apples	Green fruitworms, Aphids, Leafrollers (Oblique-banded, Redbanded), Plum curculio, Rosy apple aphids, Spotted tentiform leafminers, Tarnished plant bugs, White apple leafhoppers, Japanese Beetles	
Peaches	Borers (Lesser peachtree, Peach twig), Green fruitworms, Plum curculio, Oriental fruit moths, Tarnished plant bugs	Do not apply within 7 days of harvest. Do not make more than 8 applications per season.
Pears (dormant through delayed dormant)	Pear psylla	Apply during the dormant through delayed dormant growth period only. Do not make more than 2 applications per season.
Pears (summer)	Codling Moths, Green fruitworms, Pear psylla, Aphids	Do not make more than 3 applications per season. Can be applied up to 14 days prior to harvest.

# **VEGETABLES**

For all of the following vegetables, apply 1 gallon of finished mix to 1,000 sq. ft.

| Pests: | How to use:

	resis.	now to use.
Asparagus	Asparagus beetles,	Use 1 ½ fl. oz. in 1 gal. Apply for uniform
(pre-harvest)	Cutworms	coverage as needed. Do not make more
		than 4 applications per crop. Can be
7 11 1		applied up to 3 days prior to harvest.
(post-harvest)	Larval stages of	Treat ferns or bush growth after spear
	asparagus beetle,	harvest when insects are present.
	Tarnished plant bug,	
	Lygus bugs and adult	
0-1 016-	Japanese beetle	
Celery – See Leafy		
Vegetables	_	
Cole Crops: Broccoli,	Beet armyworms,	Use 1 fl. oz. in 1 gal. Apply every 5
Brussels Sprouts,	Cabbage aphids	days or as needed. Can be applied up
Cabbage, Cauliflower	and Loopers,	to 1 day prior to harvest. Do not make
	Diamondback	more than 8 applications on Cauliflower,
	Moths, Imported	Brussels Sprouts and Broccoli and 10
0 10	cabbageworms	applications on Cabbage.
Corn – see Sweet Corn		
Cucumber, Melons,	Flea beetle,	Use 2 fl. oz. in 1 gal. Apply as needed, but
Pumpkins, Squash	Leafhopper	not more than 8 applications per season.
		Can be applied up to day of harvest.
Cucurbits: Balsam pear		Use 2 fl. oz. in 1 gal. Apply as needed
(bitter melon), Chinese	looper, Cucumber	to ensure uniform coverage. Do not
waxgourd (Chinese	beetle (adults),	exceed 8 applications per season. Can
preserving melon), citron		be applied up to the day of harvest.
melon, cucumber, gherkin,	Leafhoppers,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

	Pests:	How to use:
edible gourds: melons including hybrids such as Cantaloupe, Casaba, Crenshaw, Honeydew, Honey Balls, Mango melon, Muskmelon, Persian melon, Pumpkin, Summer & Winter Squash. Watermelon	Melonworms, Pickleworm, Plant bugs, Squash bugs	
Eggplant	Colorado potato beetles, Vegetable leafminers	Use 3 fl. oz. in 1 gal. Apply for uniform coverage as needed. Do not exceed 16 applications. Can be applied up to 3 days prior to harvest.
Horseradish (Foliar application)	Imported crucifer weevils	Use 3 fl. oz. in 1 gal. Apply as needed. Do not exceed 3 foliar applications. Can be applied up to 22 days prior to harvest.
Head Lettuce	Corn Earworms, Beet armyworms, Loopers (Alfalfa, Cabbage), Tobacco budworms	Use 2 fl. oz. in 1 gal. Apply every 5-10 days as needed. Do not make more than 10 applications per season. Can be applied up to 1 day prior to harvest.
Leafy Vegetables: Amaranth, Arrugula, Celery, Celtuce, Chewil, Com salad, Chrysanthemum (edible-leaved and gariand), cress (garden and upland), Dandelion, Dock, Endive, Fennel, Lettuce (head and leaf), Okra, Parsley, Purslane (garden and winter), Rhubarb, Spinach, Swiss chard	armyworm, Cabbage looper, Corn earworm, Cutworms, European com borer, Fall armyworm, Green cloverworm, Southern armyworm, Tobacco budworm,	Use 2 ft. oz. in 1 gal. Apply every 5 to 10 days as needed. Do not exceed 10 applications per season. Can be applied up to 1 day prior to harvest.

	Pests:	How to use:
Melons – see Cucurbits		
Potatoes	Beet armyworm, Colorado potato beetle, Potato leafhopper, Potato tubeworm, Cabbage looper, Cutworms, European corn borer, Potato psyllid, Tarnished plant bug	Use 1 ½ fl. oz. in 1 gal. Apply as needed. Do not make more than 12 applications. Can be applied up to 7 days prior to harvest.
Peppers	Vegetable leafminers, Cabbage looper, Flea beetle, Corn earworm, Pepper weevil, European corn borer	Use 2 fl. oz. in 1 gal. Apply as needed, but not more than 8 applications per season. Can be applied up to 3 days prior to harvest.
Strawberries,	Strawberry weevils, Aphids, Spider	Use 1 ½ fl. oz. in 1 gal. Allow
Raspberries, Blueberries	mites, Lygus bugs, Flea beetles, Omnivorous leaftier, Spittlebugs, Japanese beetles, Field crickets, Red Spider, Leafroller, Weevils	14 days between last application and harvest. Make no more than 8 foliar applications per growing season.
Sweet Corn	Armyworms (Fall, Southern), Corn earworms, European corn borers	Use 1 ½ fl. oz. in 1 gal. Apply every 5 days and when needed, but not more than 6 applications per season. Can be applied up to 1 day prior to harvest.
Tomatoes	Beet and southern armyworm, Tomato pinworm, Tomato fruitworm, Horn worms, Granulate cutworms,	Use 1 ½ fl. oz. in 1 gal. Apply as needed for uniform coverage. Do not exceed 8 applications per

season. Can be applied up to day

of harvest.

Colorado potato beetle, Cabbage

looper

## NUISANCE PESTS IN OUTDOOR AREAS

GENERAL DIRECTIONS— Use 6 2/3 fl. oz. in 1 quart of water, treating 400 linear feet with a 6-inch spray band.

## **OUTSIDE SURFACES OF BUILDING**

Use this product on Ants, Asian Ladybeetles, Clover Mites, Crickets, Earwigs, Locusts, Millipedes, Sowbugs (pillbugs) to help prevent infestation of buildings, treat the building foundation to a height of 2 to 3 feet, where pests are active and may find entrance. Also, apply as a spot or crack-and-crevice spray to outside surfaces of building, including porches, screens, window frames, eaves, patios, garages, refuse dumps and other areas where these pests congregate or have been seen. Repeat treatment as needed to maintain effectiveness. Do not exceed 24 applications per year.

#### OTHER OUTDOOR AREAS

Use this product on Ants, Crickets, Earwigs, Fleas, Ticks (including ticks that may carry Lyme Disease) for treatment of localized infestations of these insects in areas where there are weeds or bushy non-crop areas, spray infested areas thoroughly. For ants, thoroughly wet hills and runways. Repeat application as reinfestations occur. Do not exceed 24 applications per year.

To reduce annoyance from: Cluster Flies, Flying Moths, Gnats, House Flies, Mosquitoes. Spray outside surfaces of screens, doors, window frames or wherever these insects may enter the room. Also treat surfaces around light fixtures on porches, in garages, around shrubbery, and other places where these insects alight or congregate. Repeat as necessary. Do not exceed 24 applications per year.

## STORAGE AND DISPOSAL Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage and disposal.

Storage: Store and transport in an upright position. Store in original container in a cool, dry area away from heat or open flame. Disposal: If empty - Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Place in trash or offer for recycling if available. If partly filled - Call your local solid

waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

#### FIRST AID

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment.

If inhaled: Move person to fresh air.

If on skin

If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give

or clothing:

artificial respiration, preferably by mouth-to-mouth, if possible.

Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

 Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.

 Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. If in eyes: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.

then continue rinsing eve.

 Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by the poison

 Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. If swallowed: • Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.

Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes.

Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

control center or doctor.

### PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS AND DOMESTIC ANIMALS

CAUTION: May be harmful if swallowed or absorbed through skin. Avoid breathing spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS This pesticide is extremely toxic to fish. Avoid contamination of ornamental

fish ponds. Drifts and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in treated areas. To protect the environment, do not allow pesticide to enter or run off into storm drains, drainage ditches, gutters or surface waters. Applying this product in calm weather when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help to ensure that wind or rain does not blow or wash pesticide off the treatment area. Rinsing application equipment over the treated area will help

avoid run off to water bodies or drainage systems. This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds while bees are actively visiting the treatment area. NOTICE: To the extent consistent with applicable law, buyer assumes all responsibility for safety and use not in accordance with directions.

For information on pesticide products (including health concerns, medical emergencies, or pesticide incidents), call the National Pesticide Information Center at 1-800-858-7378